# Inclusion of Immunization Information in HIT/EMR

November 10, 2009

#### Our objectives

- Capitalize on EMR/HIT to ensure that each patient gets the right immunization at the right time
- Necessary and appropriate tools for physicians that support patient centric
- Tools that support patients, but also broader research goals
- Use EMR/HIT protocols to actively improve the public health and reduce mortality and morbidity
- an effective, efficient health care system Further demonstrate a clear linkage between the use of EMR/HIT and
- Suggest specific data elements and functionality to reach these objectives

## Benefit of Immunization

- Immunizations create significant reductions in mortality and morbidity
- Reduced Vaccine Preventable Disease rates shown in children
- Vaccines reduce total health care expenditures

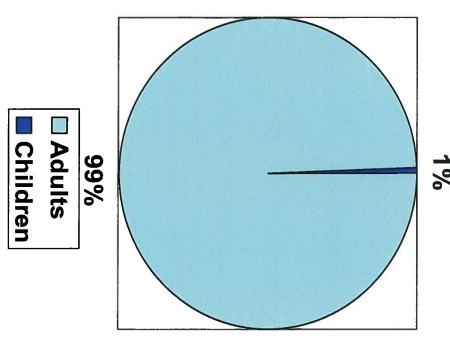
### has been a great success... While the U.S. childhood vaccination program

Reported Morbidity: Vaccine-Preventable Diseases (VPD) in the US Comparison of Maximum and Current

Total	Invasive HIB disease	Tetanus	Cong. Rubella synd.	Rubella	Polio (wild)	Pertussis	Mumps	Measles	Diphtheria	Disease
1,639,066	20,000+	1,560+	20,000+	57,686	21,269	265,269	152,209	894,134	206,939	Prevaccine Era
	1984	1948	(1964-5)	1969	1952	1934	1968	1941	1921	Year
9,404	1,309 (33)	42	6	267	0	7,288	391	100	1	1999
ယ	-99.65	-97.31	-99.96	-99.53	-100.00	-97.25	-99.75	-99.99	-99.99	% Decrease

### Adult mortality from vaccine-preventable diseases still occurs

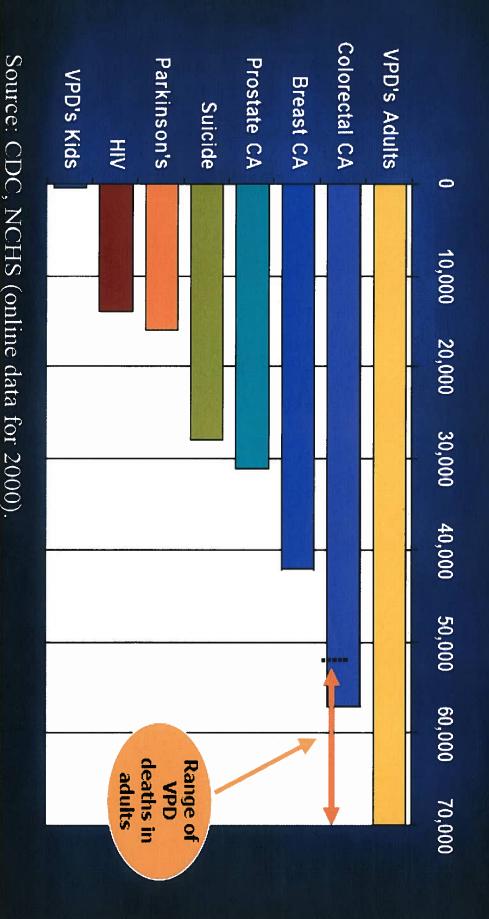




- Adults: 99% of VPD deaths
  50,000 to 70,000 deaths
- each year
- Children: 1% of VPD deaths
- 100 to 300 deaths each year

Statistics; 2002. Source: CDC. National Vital Statistics Reports: Deaths: Final Costs for 2000. Hyattsville, MD: National Center for Health

### VPD Deaths in Adults are Similar to Other Important Causes of Death in Adults







CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION



## Adult Immunizations Lag Pediatric

- At least 50,000 adults die each year from vaccine preventable diseases
- Hundreds of thousands more are hospitalized
- Significant cost burden to the US
- Influenza costs estimated at \$10 billion per year
- Pneumonia significant hospital diagnosis for Medicare
- While pediatric immunization rates are 90% plus, adult immunization is about 60-65%
- Prevention, including adult immunization in particular, is of concern to

### Some of the reasons for the lag in adult immunization

- Lack of public awareness of the value of adult immunizations
- Uncertainty about immunization safety
- Lack of awareness among healthcare professionals
- Confusion about vaccination schedules
- Lack of adult vaccine delivery infrastructure
- Physicians not always offer immunizations during visits
- Insufficient quality measures
- Insufficient reimbursement

## HIT/EMR systems can help

- Inclusion of updated ACIP/CDC recommendations coupled with physician reminder screens
- Identify appropriate patients for each recommended immunization
- Increases physician awareness of immunizations during each patient visit
- Reduces confusion about the ACIP/CDC recommendations
- reason why not Records of whether the immunization was administered, or the
- Identifies and incidence of barriers to immunization in the patient-physician relationship – helps develop effective strategies and communications
- A growing vaccine registry a key component of vaccine infrastructure
- recognizing that physicians do not have complete control over the immunization Data that will facilitate the implementation and enforcement of quality measures while
- Specific information about the manufacturer, lot number, etc.
- Allows extensive and accurate surveillance for safety and epidemiological studies

### by CCHIT Immunization details already recommended

- Immunization type and dose
- Date and time of administration
- Route and site of administration
- Lot number and expiration date
- Manufacturer
- User ID
- Allergy/adverse reaction, if any

### Proposed additional functionality for meaningful use certification

- Complete and automated updates of ACIP/CDC vaccination schedule
- Proactive physician alert for each individual patient
- Provision to record why an immunization was not administered
- Clinical
- Religious/other as stated by patient or patient family
- Other
- Data aggregation to generate reports, exceptions, etc
- Automated submission of data to registries
- Ability to generate patient-specific reports to populate personal health records

## Benefits to Public Health

- especially adult immunization Increased physician awareness and attention to immunization –
- Reduced confusion about the ACIP/CDC immunization schedule
- Increased information about patient refusal of immunizations
- Potential significant increases in medically appropriate adult *immunizations*
- associated human and economic costs Immunization related reductions in morbidity and mortality - and the